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## Explaining to young children that someone has died

Talking to a young child about death and dying is incredibly difficult and can feel just too hard to do. This is compounded by an adult's natural instinct to protect children from the tough things in life. In order to make some sense of what has happened children need information and explanations. These need to be honest, simple, and in language that the children understand.

Children can deal with the truth, no matter how difficult or traumatic, what they find hard are the untruths. When circumstances surrounding the death are particularly distressing it may be tempting to withhold information, but even in those instances the same principles apply. The following are suggestions to help you with what to say, how much to say, when and how to say it. The words suggested are not meant to be a script. They are ideas to give you the confidence to go with what feels right for you and the child or children that you are with.

### When is it best to tell them that someone has died and where should it be done?

- It may feel unprotective, but children need to hear the news as soon as possible. The longer you leave it the greater the likelihood that they will overhear a conversation or find out in some other inappropriate way. Children are very sensitive to atmosphere and will already know that something serious has happened but be unsure as to exactly what.
- The news is best heard from a member of the family but if you feel unable to do this, and it is a very hard thing to do, try to stay in close proximity while someone else familiar to the child explains what has happened.
- If you are breaking the news yourself, have someone else around to support you.
- If possible, find somewhere where you will not be disturbed.
- Try to be physically close to the child or have some sort of physical contact such as holding a hand. Sitting on a settee is ideal. For a child who finds physical contact uncomfortable, just sit nearby.

### When talking to a child of any age, the following principles apply regardless of the circumstances

Use simple words appropriate for the child's age and understanding. It is important to use the real words such as "dead". Euphemisms including lost or gone to sleep may appear kinder but for a child can cause complication and confusion.

Only give as much information as a child wants. This is usually indicated by them asking a question – if they have asked the question it usually means that they are ready to hear, or need to hear, the answer.

Try to answer only the question asked and avoid giving extra detail. There is a fine line between being honest and overloading a child with information they do not want.

If faced with a question that you find particularly difficult, or one that you are not sure how to answer, it can be helpful to ask the child what they think. This will give you an indication of how much the child already knows and understands.

### How to tell a young child that someone has died

- Alert the child to the fact that you have something sad to say “I have some very sad news to tell you.....”
- Often initially all you need to say is that the person has died, more questions will follow when the child is ready for further explanation and more information.
- If a person has been unwell, it can be helpful to build on what the child already knows “you know last time we saw granny and she was very unwell.....”
- Reassure the child that it is OK to ask questions about anything at all and you will do your best to answer them honestly.

### Explaining what DEAD means to young children

The following are suggestions for words you could use when explaining to a young child the concept of being dead. Exactly what you chose to say will depend on individual circumstances and your own beliefs. A good approach is honesty combined with lots of reassurance. Concentrate on what feels the right way to do this for you and the children that you are with.

*When somebody dies their body stops working. A dead body does not breathe because their lungs are no longer working and the heart has stopped. A dead body cannot move, it will be very quiet and still. A dead body cannot feel anything so there will be no pain.*

Because a young child can find it hard to grasp the difference between being dead and being alive, they may need to be reassured with words along the lines of the following:

*Because their body has stopped working, dead people do not need anything to eat or to drink and they cannot feel cold.*

*Dead people stay dead for ever, much as we might like them to, they cannot come back to life.*

On hearing the news a child's reactions may vary from extreme distress to looking blank as if nothing has happened, or even giggling nervously – all are normal.

If you are unsure about some aspect, be honest about what you do not know and say that when you do find out that you will tell the children.

You are likely to have to repeat this information and answer questions in subsequent days and weeks. Being asked the same questions over and over again can be extremely hard but this is the way that young children try to make sense of what has happened.

### Suggestions for books you could use that might help you talk to a young child.

#### **Someone I know Has Died** by Trish Phillips

This activity book is designed to be used with very young children who need help to understand what being dead means, what we do and how we might feel when someone dies. Some pages are interactive in ways familiar to young children, making it very easy for a child to engage with. To be used with an adult, guidance notes are included. Only available from the Child Bereavement Charity. Cost £9.99.

[www.childbereavement.org.uk/For/Shop/ForFamilies/Books/ChildrenYoungPeople](http://www.childbereavement.org.uk/For/Shop/ForFamilies/Books/ChildrenYoungPeople)

#### **Talking About Death: A dialogue between parent and child** by Earl Grollman

A guide for adults and Primary School age children to read together which helps with words and explanations for some of the questions that children might ask. Available from good bookshops or Amazon. Cost £10.00.

[www.amazon.com/Talking-about-Death-Dialogue-Between/dp/0807023639](http://www.amazon.com/Talking-about-Death-Dialogue-Between/dp/0807023639)

#### **Someone Very Important Has Just Died** by Mary Turner

A simple, short booklet with words to help you explain death, burials, cremations and what happens at a funeral. Available from [www.jkp.com](http://www.jkp.com). Tel: 020 7833 2307

Cost £12.99